FOCUS projects professional **QUICK GUIDE**



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Quick Guide

The information on the following pages should enable you to start working with the software immediately. You will learn how to edit an image step by step.

1. The Title Screen

On the title screen you can find the tools for searching and loading images and loading existing projects.



(1) Image data browser

This tool allows you to search through folders for images. A preview of the images found will be displayed and you can import them directly by rightclicking on them and using the context menu that pops up.

(2) Load image

Use this button to load images directly. All common image formats, camera RAW formats and HDR image formats are supported.

(3) Open project

You can load existing projects by clicking on this button.

(4) Batch processing

Click on this button to go to batch processing. Here you can process several images automatically.

1.1 Drag and Drop Functions

The software has a powerful drag and drop function that can decide, depending on the file that you drop into the program window, what to do with the file:

- Single images will be loaded directly
- Folders will open the image browser
- Project files will be opened directly

2. The Main Screen

As soon as you have loaded an image or a project into the software the image editing area will be displayed. Here you can configure all the settings for individual image processing.



This screen is divided into four main areas:

- (1) Default settings (see chapter 2.1)
- (2) Optimisation assistant (see chapter 2.2)
- (3) Expert mode (see chapter 2.4)
- (4) Presentation functions (see chapter 2.3)

2.1 Selecting Default Settings

On the left of the main screen you can find the settings and control functions.

The import/export area underneath lets you import or export default settings. You can trade as many default settings as you like with your friends and colleagues.

By left-clicking on the preview of a default setting you can open the image in the middle of the screen for the main processing.

FOCUS projects professional has 20 different default settings from different areas, such as image sharpness, black and white, anaglyph and 3D.

2.2 Optimisation Assistant



2.3 Presentation Functions

In the presentation functions area, you have two blocks available to you.

Web presentations



VRML export

If you want to further edit your focus stack as a 3D object, you can do so with the export function into the standardised VRML format. After export, the 3D object will automatically open in your installed VRML viewer.

If you don't have a VRML viewer on your computer, you can find a very good software solution at: <u>http://www.instantreality.org/</u>

2.4 Expert Mode

You can edit effects in different areas of the interface.

At the top of the expert mode panel you can see a list of all the available postprocessing filters. Double-clicking on one of them will add it to the end of the list of effects you have selected.

If you want to change the values of a single effect within the list, select the effect by left-clicking on it. You can now see an area with all the parameters for the effect you have chosen below the list of selected effects.

Here you can choose the settings for the processing method with the corresponding opacity, effect intensity, colours, positions and many more.

Please also note that you have a context menu available within the list of selected effects.

In order to get the hang of these values you can either take a look at the tooltips, or just click on some default settings and see how the effects and their respective parameters change.

Another effective option for setting up parameters is the real-time preview.

To the left of every slider in the parameter area you can find a "play" button. Clicking on it will make the respective slider go in one direction and then in the other. If you have found your desired setting this way, simply press "Esc" on your keyboard to apply this value to your image.



3. Focus Stack Editing

Editing the focus stack is optional. In order to go to this area, select (1) "Edit image sequence" in the upper toolbar.



3.1 The Focus Stack

To the left of the focus stack editing, you can see the whole image sequence with each image and a weighting mask created by the stacking algorithm being displayed.

Here you can exclude images from the calculation, change the global weight or the lighting and re-sort the image sequence.

Re-sorting is a good idea if you have not taken the images in the focus stack from the sharpest to the most blurry.

This sequence determines the depth layer within the depth map for the corresponding image of the image sequence.

You can find more information regarding the depth map in chapter 3.3.



3.2 Focus Stacking Algorithms

FOCUS projects professional offers 9 focus stacking calculation methods (algorithms), which you can find in the upper right of the screen.

The algorithm "Average" creates the simple average of your image sequence and lets you compare image sharpness without determining the sharpness per pixel.

The following two algorithms (MSE and MCE) are stacking methods, which calculate the weighting for the image areas (in mathematics, this means an nth order error metric of the moment) from the sharpness per pixel.

The pyramid methods are complex methods that use, in addition, a so-called Gaussian pyramid for every created image and then apply the sharpness method.

The four algorithms below are direct methods that let you determine image sharpness from the difference, colour brightness and statistical variance.

Don't get hung up on the technical terminology. Just go ahead and try the different algorithms by clicking on them, and decide which one best suits your image.



Below the algorithms you have the parameter area for every selected algorithm.

Radius: Calculation width or accuracy of the process.

Smoothing: Strength of soft focus for the calculated weights.

<u>Contrast border</u>: The minimal sharpness necessary to declare a pixel as "sharp". This parameter helps to reduce image noise for the stacking calculation (see also chapter 3.3).

<u>Halo balancing</u>: This value determines whether the search will focus on fine details (small value) or big details (large value). By adjusting this part of the calculation, you can avoid stacking halos.

3.3 Depth Map

The depth map can be found in the upper toolbar above the image. This displays an additional area where you can revert the depth map (if the images are present "from back to front"). In addition, you can set individual smoothing for the depth map and save it as an image file.



The contrast border in the algorithm parameters helps you to clear the depth map from areas that were not properly recognised. This usually happens if certain sharpness layers are not displayed in the focus stack. (In our example, you can see that this has happened in the upper area.)

Increase the contrast border (in our example, to 50%) to automatically assign those areas with a low contrast to the back area of the image.



3.4 Area Retouching

To display this function, click on (2) "Edit weightings" in the upper toolbar.



If you have activated area retouching, a colour display of your focus stack will be shown.

In our example, the stack consists of three images that were assigned to the colours red, green and blue. These colours indicate which image area has been created from which image.



In order to manually change the weighting for a certain area, for example from the blue (background) image, which means that only the background image will be used during the calculation of the focus fusion, select the blue colour from the retouching toolbar, the "increase weighting" tool and the stance (in order to decrease the weighting of all the other images).



With this technique you can change and edit your focus stack as you wish, delete moving objects (ghosting) or assign certain areas to your desired sharpness level.

3.5 Image Sequence Player

In order to start the image sequence player, click on the button (3) "Image sequence player" in the upper toolbar.



The image sequence player is a tool that lets you analyse focus stacks. Here you can look at the whole sequence as a film in order to spot gaps in the sharpness depth layers.



In addition, you can use it to add the weightings of your selected focus stacking algorithms to the video sequence (by using the slider in the upper bar).

This enables you to recognise if single areas will yield better stacking results after retouching.

4. The Timeline

The timeline displays all of your currently available undo steps. Every time you create an undo step, an entry will be added to the timeline. You can jump to this undo step anytime you like by clicking on "Revert to restore point" (underneath every image in the timeline).



In addition, you can delete restore points from the timeline if you don't need them anymore.

Note:

Undo points save the whole project with all weightings and source images. Therefore, they take up a lot of space on your hard disk drive. Use them with care.

In our example, there are 4 undo steps for a 3-image stack and they already take up 0.5 GB of space.

The same is true for saving projects, as the timeline will be saved with every save file that you create. (You can switch this function off in the options.)

5. Saving Final Images

You can save your final images either with the corresponding button in the toolbar on the upper left, by selecting "Save final image" in the File menu, or by using the respective hot key.

5.1 Cropping & Title

Once you choose to save your final image the cropping & title window is displayed.



The upper area of the window contains your final image. Dragging the corners or the sides of the image will select the area of the image to be saved.

In the lower area you can enter a title for your image. You can also select a font size, a background, and the position of the text for the title.

The font size will be automatically fitted into the selected area.

When you are done with cropping and entering a title you can click the "Save" button which will lead you to a window where you can select the image format and the file name.

6. Interface for External Programs

You can find the interface for external programs under Settings (Extras -> Settings).



Select an external image processor by clicking on the "..." button. The window for opening external programs will be displayed. Select the program that you want to use as an external image processor.

In our example, this has been set to HDR projects professional.

Photoshop CC/CS6	
Lightroom 5/4	
Photoshop Elements 11/12	-

Select a free external image processor or set the path to your Adobe software by clicking on the corresponding "…" button. The window for selecting an external program will be displayed. Select the program that you want to use as an external image processor.

The currently active application is always the one with a tick in the checkbox on the left. (Adobe Photoshop Elements 11/12 in our example)

In order to transfer an image to an external program, click on the button "Open final image in external program" next to the Save button.

The image will be transferred directly to the external software.

6.1 Adobe Plugins

The plugins for Adobe Photoshop Elements 11/12 and Adobe Photoshop CS6/CC will be installed directly during installation. If you have the corresponding Adobe software installed on your system, you can find the corresponding program under "File -> Export". Here you can transfer an image to the installed software.

You can configure Adobe Lightroom with its integrated export manager. Set the image format to TIFF with 16-bit colour channel, select the installed program as the software that you would like to start, and export the image via the command "Export".

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